Patent 82478-9000 DT04 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2 3 SEP 2004

## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

1 1. (Original) An arc tube having a glass tube that is wound into a spiral, wherein 2 the glass tube has an inner shape of a substantially circular cross section, with 3 an inner tube diameter in a range of 5 mm to 9 mm inclusive, and 4 a bulb wall loading is set so that a temperature of a coldest spot within the glass tube under steady state illumination falls into a range of 60° C to 65° C inclusive. 5 2. (Original) An arc tube having a glass tube that is wound into a spiral, wherein 1 2 the glass tube has an inner shape of a substantially elliptical cross section, with 3 an inner tube major axis in a range of 5 mm to 9 mm inclusive and an inner tube minor axis 4 of 3 mm or larger, 5 a bulb wall loading is set so that a temperature of a coldest spot within the 6 glass tube under steady state illumination falls into a range of 60 °C to 65 °C inclusive. 1 3. (Original) The arc tube of Claim 1, wherein the bulb wall loading is set within a range of 0.08 W/cm<sup>2</sup> to 0.12 W/cm<sup>2</sup> 2 3 inclusive. 1 4. (Original) The arc tube of Claim 1, wherein the glass tube is in a shape of double-spiral comprising a turning part, a first 2 3 spiral part, and a second spiral part, the turning part being located in substantially a 4 midsection of the glass tube, the first spiral part starting from one end of the glass tube and 5 spiraling around a pivotal axis to reach the turning part, the second spiral part starting from 6 the turning part and spiraling around the pivotal axis to the other end of the glass tube.

5. 1 (Original) The arc tube of Claim 3, wherein 2 the glass tube is in a shape of a double-spiral comprising a turning part, a first spiral part, and a second spiral part, the turning part being located in substantially a 3 4 midsection of the glass tube, the first spiral part starting from one end of the glass tube and spiraling around a pivotal axis to reach the turning part, the second spiral part starting from 5 the turning part and spiraling around the pivotal axis to the other end of the glass tube. 6 1 6. (Currently Amended) The arc tube as recited in one of Claims 1 to 5 Claim 5, 2 wherein 3 the glass tube is formed so as to fit into a cylindrical space of maximum 4 diameter in a range of 30 mm to 40 mm inclusive and maximum length in a range of 50 mm to 100 mm inclusive. 5 1 7. (Cancelled) 1 8. (New) The arc tube as recited in Claim 1, wherein elemental mercury is 2 sealed within the glass tube. 1 9. (New) The arc tube as recited in Claim 2, wherein elemental mercury is 2 sealed within the glass tube. 1 10. (New) The arc tube as recited in Claim 3, wherein elemental mercury is 2 sealed within the glass tube. 1 11. (New) The arc tube as recited in Claim 4, wherein elemental mercury is

sealed within the glass tube.

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- 1 12. (New) The arc tube as recited in Claim 5, wherein elemental mercury is 2 sealed within the glass tube.
- 1 13. (New) A low-pressure mercury lamp that includes the arc tube as recited in
- 2 Claim 1.
- 1 14. (New) A low-pressure mercury lamp that includes the arc tube as recited in
- 2 Claim 2.
- 1 15. (New) A low-pressure mercury lamp that includes the arc tube as recited in
- 2 Claim 3.
- 1 16. (New) A low-pressure mercury lamp that includes the arc tube as recited in
- 2 Claim 4.
- 1 17. (New) A low-pressure mercury lamp that includes the arc tube as recited in
- 2 Claim 5.
- 1 18. (New) A low-pressure mercury lamp that includes the arc tube as recited in
- 2 Claim 6.

1	19. (New) In a low-pressure mercury lamp, the improvement of a glass tube
2	comprising:
3	the glass tube configured to have a shape of double-spiral comprising a turning
4	part, a first spiral part, and a second spiral part, the turning part being located in substantially
5	a midsection of the glass tube, the first spiral part starting from one end of the glass tube and
6	spiraling around a pivotal axis to reach the turning part, the second spiral part starting from
7	the turning part and spiraling around the pivotal axis to the other end of the glass tube; and
8	a bulb wall loading is set within a range of 0.08 W/cm <sup>2</sup> to 0.12 W/cm <sup>2</sup>
9	inclusive, so that a temperature of a coldest spot within the glass tube under steady state
10	illumination falls into a range of 60 °C to 65 °C inclusive.